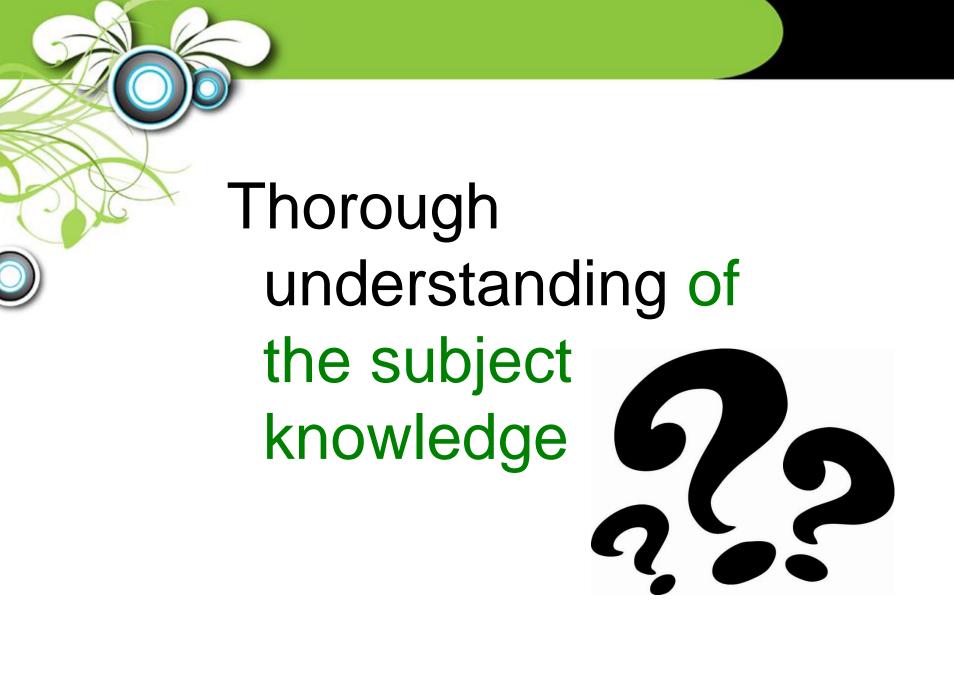
# Experience Sharing of Learning and Teaching Strategies for Teaching BALS



'Subject knowledge' is the actual knowledge teachers are expected to teach.

'Subject pedagogy' is understanding how the topic can be taught by teachers.



# Entries related to Goods for trading

Misconception

Reasons for the relevant entries

# Record of Goods for trading

Goods for trading is

An asset of the company, i.e. inventory

Goods for resale ==> making profit

Double entries in accounting

Invento ^ccount

CR

### Inventory IN:

**Purchases** 

Returns inwards

hventory OUT:

Sales

Returns outwards

### Different units of measurement:

Purchases & Returns outwards

→ at COST

Sales & Returns inwards

→ at SELLING PRICE

Therefore, 4 T-form accounts are needed.



- Textbooks vs Notes
- Classwork vs Homework
- Setting the question papers
- Marking and grading



- Textbooks vs Notes
  - Importance of textbooks
  - Use of notes as supplementary materials for better learning



#### Types of Errors

#### Errors not affecting trial balance

Classification of errors	Explanation and example	Double entry correction	Effect on profit
Errors of commission	The transaction being overlooked and no record has been made.  Example: The day's cash sales taking \$13,400 were not recorded and paid into the bank.		
Errors of principle	Posting an item from / to a wrong personal account.  Example: A purchase \$5,000 from Lee has been posted to Li's account.		
Errors of original entry	Due to misunderstanding of the nature of the transaction, posting to a wrong type of account.  Example: Office equipment \$1,800 purchased in cash has been debited to an office expense account.		
Errors of omission	Two errors have an equal and opposite effect, thus cancelling out and leaving the trial balance no difference.  Example: The purchase account was undercast by \$2,200 while the office equipment account was overcast by \$2,200.		
Compensating errors	The correct amounts are entered in the wrong sides of both appropriate accounts.  Example: The \$600 settlement from Lok was entered in the wrong side of both personal account and bank account.		
Complete reversal of entries	An incorrect original figure is entered into the day books, and hence the posting entry also becomes incorrect.  Example: The invoice amount of goods sold to Mok should be \$3,500, however, the figure entered in the sales day book was being understated as \$3,200.		



## Set and group discussion

At the old days .....

Accounting club would like to sell calculators on Friday (recess time).

All committee members involved have to purchase a number of calculators for selling.

Monday Ann		Tue	sday	Wedı	ıesday	Thu	rsday	Frid	lay	
		Bre	enda	C	arl	Da	nny	Elle	Friday Ellen Unit \$ each 10 100	
Unit \$ each		Unit	\$ each	Unit	\$ each	Unit	\$ each	Unit	\$ each	
	3	120	4	120	3	120	6	110	10	100
Ċ			-							
							*Travelling	\$10.40	Taxi fare	\$40.00
							Beverage	\$10.00		

\*To HKEAA: padding of the calculators on hand

Total cost =

Finally, sold 12 calculators at \$120.

?? Profit / loss

?? Stock left (in unit and value)

# Notes for study and revision

#### Types of capital accounts

For each partner, a capital account is needed to keep track of that partner's dealings with the partnership:

- 1. Capital contribution
- 2. Undrawn profits (as below)

Share of profit + Interest on capital + Salary - Drawings - Interest on drawings Undrawn profits



**7wo** basic accounting records for the partnership:

#### Fluctuating capital account

- initial capital CR
- additional capital CR
- capital withdrawal DR
- total cash and stock drawings (year end) DR
- partnership salaries CR
- interest on capital CR
- interest on drawings DR
- profit sharing CR
- loss sharing DR

#### or Fixed capital account

- initial capital CR
- additional capital CR
- capital withdrawal DR

#### Current account

- total cash and stock drawings (year end) DF
- partnership salaries CR
- interest on capital CR
- interest on drawings DF
- profit sharing CR
- loss sharing DR

		onital A	tc	(in columnar form)			
	A	B	C	(in columnar form)	A	В	-
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	
Bank: withdrawal of capital Balance c/f				Balance b/f Bank: additional capital			
	A	urrent A B	ccounts C	(in columnar form)	A	В	(
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	S
Balance b/f (if				Balance b/f (if			
any)				any)			
<u>Drawings</u>				Appropriation:			
Appropriation:				Partnership			
Interest on				salary			
drawings				Interest on			
Share of				capital			
loss			OR	Share of			
Balance c/f (if				profits			
any)				Balance c/f (if			
				any)			

2. Fluctuating	Capital 2.	Account sy	istem						
Capital Accounts (in columnar form)									
	A	В	С		A	В	С		
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$		
Bank:				Balance b/f					
withdrawal				Bank:					
of capital				additional					
<b>Drawings</b>				capital					
Appropriation:				Appropriation:					
Interest on				Partnership					
drawings				salary					
Share of				Interest on					
loss				capital					
				Share of					
				profits					
Balance c/f				, , , , ,					

Dustration Country Assessed and



- Classwork vs Homework
  - students' contribution
  - answer checking

Learning by selfchecking and corrections in RED

	14.11 x 7/9/1023	
	Journal	2018 MKDST RT 5/10/2023
-	Dr. Cr.	his gearing ratio of volb
	ms	his gearing ratio of 1816  z 733800  733800 + 2010004 42000 **  **The state of 1816 **  **The state of
•	Jan   debenture issue / 600,000	= 75.7% = \$100 入面 \$7.7 信返。
47	Capital 1º49. debenture 600,000	運用電小 - gearing ratio of 2017
	1 debenture issue / 400,000 /	180 aso + Jao aso + (128 aso - 1 Jack) X 120/2
14	Bank / 400,000	= 17.637. \$100 入面 \$17.63 /卷返哪
	4 debenture interest 24,000 Acuraed debenture interest 24,000 / debenture payable	hii) - the solvency has improved in 2017.  - the company issued ordinary share capital to repay long term loan in 2017.
	( 600000 x 4% x 3/12) M1-3	a)i) working capital ratio  128000 + (364000-17000) +(19000+17000)  10000+17000 + (19000-17000) +1280  20000+17000 + (19000-17000) +1280  20000+17000 + (19000-17000) +1280
	Debenture 写作月15+种包!	a (i) inventory turnover  [156500+78050-(364000 (17600))  [136500+36400-(7600)]
		= 2:55 times 2.20 times



- source of questions
  - Multiple sources
  - Use of search engines
- Skills in questions setting
  - Reasons of setting a completely new question?
  - Techniques of modifying and merging existing questions to generate a new one



- Examination Reports
- Samples of Candidates'
   Performance
- https://www.hkeaa.edu.hk/en/hkdse/hk dse\_subj.html?A2&2&6\_25

(		1	Gra	ading:	Asse	ssmen	t res	ult		
			pre	esenta	tion					
							Paper 1			
58		TEST 1	TEST 2	Pre-mock	FA1 Test		MC	Question	Paper 2	
		18.5	16	53	29.5		52	23	48.75	
1	10	16	14.5	43.5	22		52	21.5	44	
	M	15.5	10	43.5	22		50	21	41.5	
1		13	10	30.5	21.5		40	19.5	40	
		13	10	30	19		40	16.5	40	
		12	9	28.5	17		36	16.5	37.25	
		11.5	8.5	24	16.5		36	15.5	34.5	
		10.5	7.5	21	16.5		36	15.5	33	
		10	7.5	18.5	15.5		30	13	29.75	
		9.5	7	18.5	14.5		30	13	28.5	
		9.5	6.5	17	13.5		28	13	24	
		9.5	6.5	16.5	12		28	12.5	22	
		8	5.5	16.5	11		26	11	21	
		8	5	15	10.5		26	11	20.5	
		8	4.5	15	9.5		26	10	18	
		7.5	4.5	14.5	9		26	9.5	17	
		7	4	14.5	7.5		26	9.5	15.5	
		6.5	4	12.5	6.5		24	9.5	15.5	
		6	2.5	12	6		24	9.5	14.75	
		6	2.5	11	5.5		24	9	13.5	
		5	2	10.5	5		22	7.5	7.5	
		2	0.5	10.5	4		20	7	6.75	
		2	0.5	9.5	0		12	5.5	5.5	
		2	0	9.5	0		10	2	0	
		ABS	ABS	8	ABS					
		ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS					
	Total	34	30	72	40		60	30	80	
	Pass	13.6	12	28.8	16		24	12	32	
	Average	9.020833	6.1875	19.82	11.76		30.167	12.5625	24.115	
										1

## Consideration of current issues



# New and Important Issues

Revised curriculum

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/technology-edu/resources/business-edu/Supplementary\_notes\_Accounting\_Strand\_for\_2025\_DSE\_ENG(20200509)\_clean.pdf

# New and Important Issues

National Security Education

# Strand 1 The concept and importance of national security

Understand our country's opportunities and challenges in international affairs through examples (e.g. the "Belt and Road" initiative, Sino-US trade conflicts, climate change)

Explore contemporary issues related to national security (e.g. territorial disputes, economic crises), and recognize the importance of safeguarding national security to guarantee the security of the people



## National Security Education

#### Strand 7 Major domains of national security

Explore topics related to economic security (e.g. economic crises, trade disputes) and recognize the importance of safeguarding economic security

# Financial and Value Education in practice



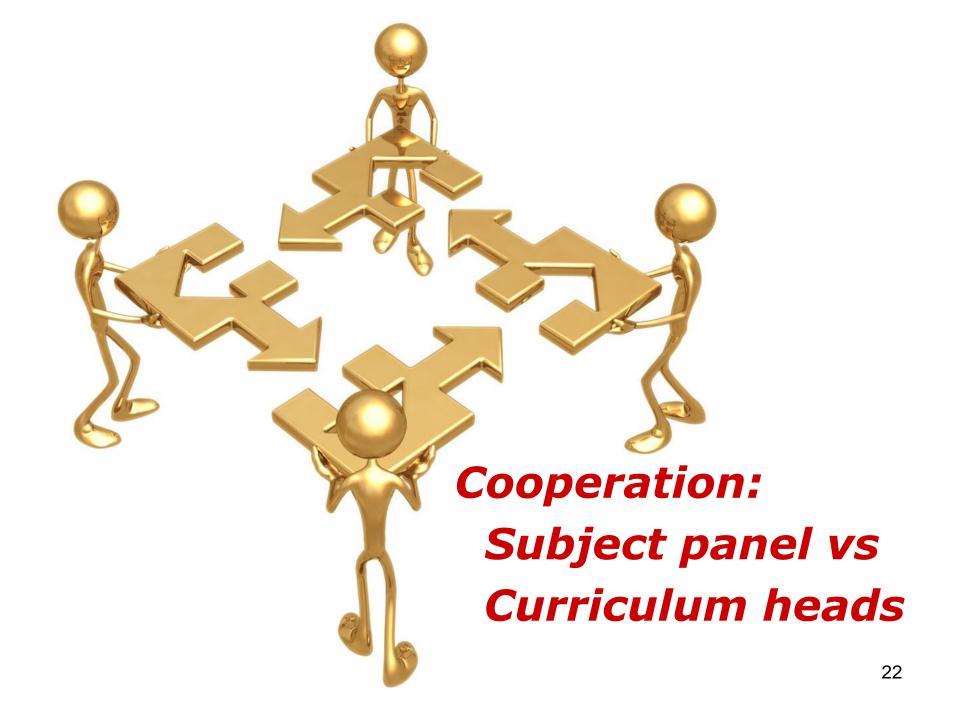












# Catering for learner diversity



**Use of Graded assessment** 



# Thank You